1
Circle the two fractions that are greater than $\frac{\mathbf{1}}{2}$
< $4, \frac{1}{8}$
$\frac{6}{10}$
$\frac{5}{8}$
$\frac{3}{10}$

2 These diagrams are all made of squares.
Look at each diagram.
Put a tick $\left(\boldsymbol{\varkappa}^{\prime}\right)$ if exactly $\frac{1}{3}$ of it is shaded. Put a cross $(\boldsymbol{x})$ if it is not.


3 The diagram is made of squares.
What fraction of the diagram is shaded?


1 mark
4 Write the missing numbers.
One is done for you.

| Improper fraction | Mixed number |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{7}{4}$ | $1 \frac{3}{4}$ |
| $\frac{\square}{2}$ | $5 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $\frac{17}{5}$ | $3 \frac{\square}{5}$ |

5
Calculate $\frac{\mathbf{3}}{\mathbf{4}}$ of $\mathbf{8 4 0}$

6 Karen makes a fraction using two number cards.


She says,
'My fraction is equivalent to $\frac{1}{2}$ One of the number cards is $\mathbf{6}^{\mathbf{3}}$

What could Karen's fraction be?
Give both possible answers.


7

$$
\frac{1}{5} \times 70=
$$



1 mark

8 Here are some number cards.


Use two of the cards to make a fraction which is less than $\frac{1}{2}$.
B


How much less than $\mathbf{1}$ is your fraction?
$\qquad$

9

$$
\frac{1}{9}+\frac{1}{3}=
$$



1 mark
10
$1 \frac{1}{3} \times 2=$


1 mark
11 $\frac{5}{6} \times 24=$


1 mark

