Year 4 maths - W/C - 27.4.20

Monday - 27.4.20

Place value — To begin your week, we would like you to recap some of the main parts of recognising place value in Year 4.

Question 1: Can you write out the following numbers in words?

- 1. 3463 = three thousand, four hundred and sixty three
- 2. 5812 = _____
- 3. 4021 = _____
- 4. 9202 = _____
- 5. 6001 = _____
- 6. 4190 = _____

Question 2: What is the value of the underlined digit?

$$7,241 = ____$$

Question 3: Can you identify the numbers?

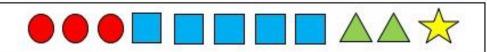
The numbers have been replaced by symbols. Identify the value and write the correct number.

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 = 1

$$\triangle = 10$$











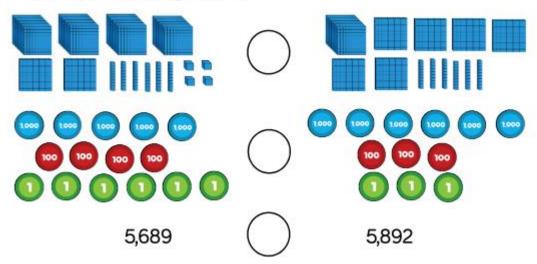
Question 4:	Complete the n	umber sequen	ices below		4000)
	5000	6000	7000		9000)
8000			5000	4000	300	0
6000		8000	9000		1	1 000
	5706	6706	7706		_ 97	06
12 293				9293	8293	7293
6038		8038	9038			11 038
Further task	CS:		The tota and thir	al is six thou ty two. alace value (counters are usand, four h counters co	nundred
Jack says:	thousa	per has five nds, three and 64 ones.		at least the	ree solutions	
three hu	mber has fifty undreds, 6 tens d 4 ones.	Amir says	1,000			10
Who has t Explain.	he largest num	ber?				

Tuesday - 28.4.20

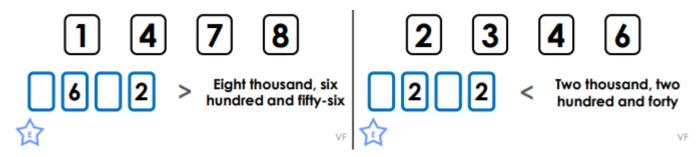
Ordering and comparing 4 digit numbers — Today we'd like you to practise comparing numbers and putting them in orders. Remember, ascending is smallest to biggest and descending is biggest to smallest!

Question 1: Can compare these numbers represented pictorially?

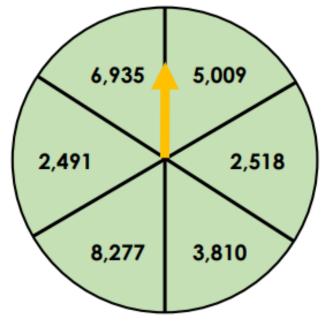
Fill in the circle using < , > or =



Question 2: Can you make each of the statements correct using the digit cards above?



Question 3: Can you solve this problem?



Kate, William, Jennifer and Betsy are playing Spin the Wheel.

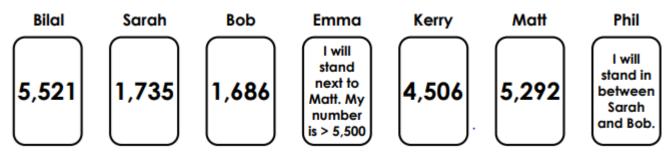
Kate lands on 2,419. Jennifer lands on 5,009.

William lands on a number bigger than Kate's but smaller than Jennifer's. Betsy lands on a number higher than everyone's. What could William and Betsy's numbers be?

William:

Betsy:

Question 4: Each child has chosen a number card. Order the numbers and clues into **ascending** order.



What number could be on Emma and Phil's card? Explore the possibilities.

Question 5: Chloe has put some numbers in ascending order. Can you explain her mistake?

Further tasks:

Use digit cards 1 to 5 to complete the comparisons:

You can only use each digit once.

Put one number in each box so that the list of numbers is ordered largest to smallest.

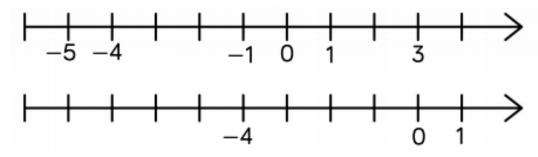
1000s	100s	10s	1s
1	1		3
1		2	7
1	2	5	
1		5	9
1	3	8	
1		1	5

Can you find more than one way?

Wednesday - 29.4.20

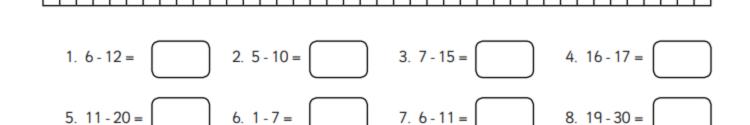
Negative numbers — today we'd like you to practise using and counting in negative numbers.

Question 1: Can you complete the number line?



Question 2: Work out the answer to these sums. If you need it, use the number line to help you.

-20 -19 -18 -17 -16 -15 -14 -13 -12 -11 -10 -9 -8 -7 -6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20



Question 3: Imagine you are monitoring the weather. What would the temperatures be in these scenarios? Draw a number line / thermometer if you need to.

1. The temperature is 7°C then it falls by 9°C. What is the new temperature?

2. At six o'clock in the evening the temperature is 11°C. It falls by 14°C at night. What is the new temperature?

3. During the day the temperature is 1°C, by the evening it has fallen by 5°C. What is the new temperature?

Question 4: Can you help Zak?

Zak is counting backwards out loud. He says,

"two, one, minus one, minus two, minus three ..."
What mistake has Zak made?

Further tasks:

Can you spot the mistake in these number sequences?

a)
$$2, 0, 0, -2, -4$$

b)
$$1, -2, -4, -6, -8$$

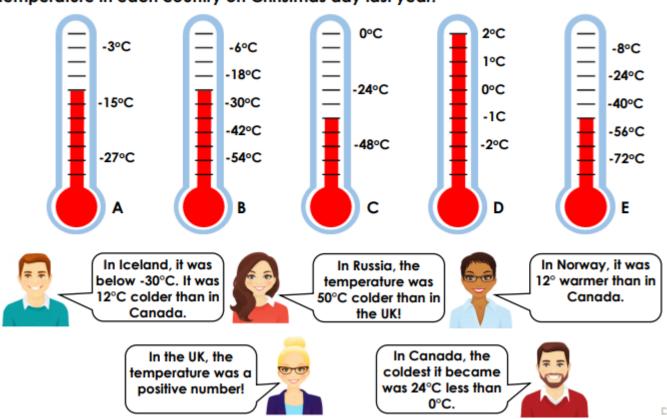
c)
$$5, 0, -5, -10, -20$$

Explain how you found the mistake and convince me you are correct.

Sami counted down in 3s until he reached —18

He started at 21, what was the tenth number he said?

1. Match the thermometers to the correct set of clues to work out the lowest recorded temperature in each country on Christmas day last year.



Thursday - 30.4.20

Counting in sequences (of 6, 7, 9 and 25) — Today we'd like you to practise counting in different amounts both up and down!

Question 1: Can you complete the sequences? What is each one counting in? Look at the numbers next to each other. What jump have they made to get there? For example, in question a) I have to jump 6 to get from 12 to 18, and 6 again to get from 18 to 24. This means I have do add 6 onto 30 to get the last number in the sequence!

f)

126 120

108 102

12 18 24 30

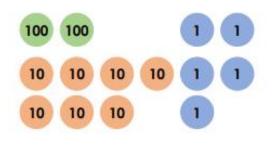
a)

			'	_		
b) 49 42 2	28	_ 14	g) 99	108	_ 126 _	144
c) 45 54 6	63	81	h) 112	2	126 133	140
d) 90	72 66	60	ΰ	180	186 192	198
e) 56 70 73	7	_ 91	j) 210	203	189	182
Question 2: Now can y	ou contin	ue the followir	ı ng sequenco	es?		
k) 35 41 47						
0 2 11 20						
m) 40 47 54						
n) 100 106 112						
o) 99 106 113						
Question 3:	55	(70)	105	130	155	180
Each of these sequences goes up in 25s. In each line one of the numbers is	16	41	56	91	116	141
wrong. Can you circle it? The first one has	115	140	165	190	212	240
been done for you.	400	E24	5/.0	57/	504	624

Question 4: Can you help Isaac? (Ignore the question number)

Isaac has a reward system where he gets 25 marbles a week which he can use towards a treat of his choice.

This is how many marbles he has so far:





It will take me four more weeks to get to 350.

Is Isaac correct? Explain why.

Further tasks:

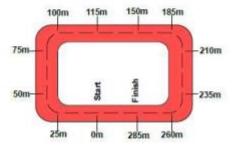
Two race tracks have been split into 25m intervals.

Race track A 100m 115m 150m 175m 200m 50m 225m

0m

275m 250m

Race track B



What errors have been made?

Jeff is counting down in 25s from 790. Will he say 725?

Explain your answer.

Rounding — Today we'd like you to practise rounding to the nearest 10. Rounding can be a little tricky, so you need to remember the rules:

When you round to the nearest 10, you look at the ones column.

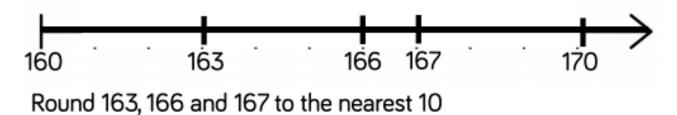
When you're looking at the ones column, and the digit in that column is 0-4, the column before will stay the same. If the digit is 5-9, then the digit in the column before will round up.

The numbers in the columns after, always become Os.

For example:

3529 rounded to the **nearest 10**. Look at the ones, there's a 9. 9 rounds up so the tens column becomes a 3 and the ones column is a 0. **3530**.

Question 1: First, work out whether each number is closer to 160 or 170.



Question 2: Ignore the question numbers.

5a. Circle the numbers that round to 60.			5b. Circl	e the numb	ers that	round to 90.	
55	161	sixty-	seven	199	ninety-f	our	91
62	fifty-se	ven	64		95	89	eighty-one
fifty-nine	155	54		nine	ty-three	196	88
58		sixty-six	69	84	eight	y-five	99

Question 3: Ignore the question numbers.

4a. Sort the numbers into the table.

10 <u>3</u>	9 <u>9</u>		10 <u>8</u>			
	10 <u>5</u>		10 <u>1</u>		11 <u>4</u>	

Rounds to 100	Rounds to 110

4b. Sort the numbers into the table.

14 <u>4</u>		14 <u>5</u>		13 <u>6</u>	
	15 <u>4</u>		14 <u>9</u>		13 <u>9</u>

Rounds to 140	Rounds to 150

Question 4: Can you prove who is correct?





15<u>6</u> to the nearest ten is 15<u>0</u>.

Max says,

15<u>6</u> to the nearest ten is 16<u>0</u>.



Further tasks:

7b. Which numbers are incorrectly placed in the table below? Explain why.

Nearest ten is 190	Nearest ten is 200
191	one hundred and ninety-eight
one hundred and ninety-nine	ССІ
cxcv	206
184	two hundred and five
one hundred and ninety-four	202

Two different two-digit numbers both round to 40 when rounded to the nearest 10

The sum of the two numbers is 79

What could the two numbers be?

Is there more than one possibility?